

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/630,047	07/31/2003	Eugene Albert Jacobs	03-105	8185		
34590	7590 07/27/2004		EXAMINER			
JOHN E. SIMMS JR. ONE WILLOW AVENUE			LU, JIPING			
TOWSON, M			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3749	-		
			DATE MAILED: 07/27/2004	DATE MAILED: 07/27/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				100			
	Application N	o.	Applicant(s)	1/1//			
	10/630,047		JACOBS, EUGEN	IE ALBERT			
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
	Jiping Lu		3749				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cov	er sheet with the c	orrespondence ac	ldress			
Period for Reply	VIC CET TO E	VDIDE AMONTH	e) EDOM				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, ho bly within the statutory r I will apply and will expi le, cause the application	wever, may a reply be tim ninimum of thirty (30) days re SIX (6) MONTHS from n to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·						
·	is action is non-fi						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	•	• •		e merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle	, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims	•						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from conside	eration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 5</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) 4 is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requi	rement.					
Application Papers				•			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	- , ,	<del>-</del>					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	·						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note ti	ie aπacned Oπice	Action or form P	10-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea	nts have been rents have been rents documents au (PCT Rule 17	ceived. ceived in Applicati have been receive .2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list  Attachment(s)  1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/24/04.	4) [	☐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	(PTO-413)	O-152)			

Application/Control Number: 10/630,047

Art Unit: 3749

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Specification

1. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

2. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the phrase "means" used in the abstract is improper. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jacobs (U. S. Pat. 3,980,072) in view of Lesage et al. (U. S. Pat. 6,334,411).

Jacobs shows a heater reclaimer 10, 16 for reclaiming heat radiated from a cooking surface and flue riser 20, 21. The heat reclaimer 10, 16 includes a radiator 16 with front, back

Application/Control Number: 10/630,047

Art Unit: 3749

panel and sides and top and bottom walls, a radiator inlet 31, a radiator outlet 34, a tank, a rigid water container (not numbered), a first inlet 41, a second outlet (not shown, it is inherent for the water container having an outlet for supplying water to other use, see col. 2, lines 3-17) and a circulator 41 which are arranged in the same manner as claimed. However, Jacobs does not show a pump 47 for circulating the fluid. Lesage et al. teaches a concept of using a pump 31 for circulating the water in the circuit 27 same as claimed. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the circulator 41 of Jacobs with a pump as taught by Lesage et al. in order to improve the fluid circulation efficiency. It is inherent for the pump having a pump energizer means, i.e. power supply input.

Page 3

5. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jacobs (U. S. Pat. 3,980,072) in view of West (U. S. Pat. 6,612,267).

Jacobs shows a heater reclaimer 10, 16 for reclaiming heat radiated from a cooking surface and flue riser 20, 21. The heat reclaimer 10, 16 includes a radiator 16 with front, back panel and sides and top and bottom walls, a radiator inlet 31, a radiator outlet 34, a tank, a rigid water container (not numbered), a first inlet 41, a second outlet (not shown, it is inherent for the water container having an outlet for supplying water to other use, see col. 2, lines 3-17) and a circulator 41 which are arranged in the same manner as claimed. However, Jacobs does not show a pump 47 for circulating the fluid. West teaches a concept of using a variable speed pump 90 for circulating the water in the circuit 92, 93. 94 same as claimed. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the circulator 41 of Jacobs with a pump as taught by West in order to improve the fluid

Art Unit: 3749

circulation efficiency. It is inherent for the pump having a pump energizer means to provide variable speed to the pump.

6. Claims 1-2, 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jacobs (U. S. Pat. 3,980,072) in view of Hughes et al. (U. S. Pat. 6,591,788).

Jacobs shows a heater reclaimer 10, 16 for reclaiming heat radiated from a cooking surface and flue riser 20, 21. The heat reclaimer 10, 16 includes a radiator 16 with front, back panel and sides and top and bottom walls, a radiator inlet 31, a radiator outlet 34, a tank, a rigid water container (not numbered), a first inlet 41, a second outlet (not shown, it is inherent for the water container having an outlet for supplying water to other use, see col. 2, lines 3-17) and a circulator 41 which are arranged in the same manner as claimed. However, Jacobs does not show a pump 47 for circulating the fluid and a cabinet for enclosing the tank. Hughes et al. teach a concept of using a pump 190 for circulating the water in the circuit (see Fig. 5) and a cabinet 10 for enclosing tank 14 same as claimed. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the circulator 41 of Jacobs with a pump as taught by Hughes et al. in order to improve the fluid circulation efficiency and to provide the tank assembly of Jacobs with a cabinet as taught by Hughes et al. in order to protect the tank.

7. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jacobs (U. S. Pat. 3,980,072) in view of Lesage et al. (U. S. Pat. 6,334,411) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Hughes et al. (U. S. Pat. 6,591,788).

The heater reclaimer of Jacobs as modified by Lesage et al. as above includes all that is recited in claim 5 except for a cabinet enclosing the tank assembly. Hughes et al. teach a water

Page 5

obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the tank assembly of Jacobs with a cabinet as taught by Hughes et al. in order to protect the tank.

8. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jacobs (U. S. Pat. 3,980,072) in view of West (U. S. Pat. 6,612,267) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Hughes et al. (U. S. Pat. 6,591,788).

The heater reclaimer of Jacobs as modified by West as above includes all that is recited in claim 5 except for a cabinet enclosing the tank assembly. Hughes et al. teach a water tank 14 which is enclosed by a cabinet 10 same as claimed. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the tank assembly of Jacobs with a cabinet as taught by Hughes et al. in order to protect the tank.

#### Allowable Subject Matter

- 9. Claim 4 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jiping Lu whose telephone number is 703-308-2354. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:00 AM 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ira Lazarus can be reached on 703 308-1935. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/630,047

Art Unit: 3749

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jiping Lu Primary Examiner Art Unit 3749 Page 6

J. L.